



PERMIT # _____

FRANKFORD TOWNSHIP FIRE SAFETY PERMIT APPLICATION

151 US HWY. 206 - AUGUSTA, NJ 07822 PH: 973-948-7592 FAX: 973-948-0943
FIREPREVENTION@FRANKFORDTWP-NJ.COM

The Uniform Fire Code States: *Permits shall be required, and obtained from the local enforcing agency for the activities specified in this section, except where they are an integral part of a process or activity by reason of which a use is required to be registered and regulated as a Life Hazard Use. Permits shall at all times be kept in the premises designated therein and shall at all times be subject to inspection by the Fire Official. N.J.A.C. 5:70-2.7(a).*

Date of Application: _____

PLEASE USE SEPARATE APPLICATION FOR EACH LOCATION

Location where activity will occur _____

Address: _____ Block: _____ Lot : _____

Date of activity: _____ Time of activity: _____

Applicant Name: _____ Address: _____

Organization Name: _____

Phone / Fax Number: _____ Email Address: _____

The above-named applicant hereby requests permission to conduct the following activity at the above indicated location:

Food Truck – Suppression System/Hood Cleaning Reports Required Open Flame Cooking

Tent greater than 900 sq. ft or 30 ft in any direction Other: _____

And for the keeping, storage, occupancy, sale, handling or manufacture of the following:

State quantities for each category to be stored, or used, and the method of stored or used (i.e. type of flammable or combustible liquid):

CERTIFICATION: *I hereby acknowledge that I have read this application, that the information given is correct, and that I am the owner, or duly authorized to act in the owner's behalf and as such hereby agree to comply with the applicable requirements of the fire code as well as any specific conditions imposed by the fire official.*

Applicant's Signature

Joseph Serrecchia, Fire Official

****Your permit will be issued following a passing inspection****

PLEASE MAKE CHECKS PAYABLE TO: FRANKFORD TOWNSHIP FIRE PREVENTION

*****THERE ARE FIVE TYPES OF PERMITS. SEE THE FOLLOWING PAGES FOR TYPE AND FEE*****

PAYMENT FEE AMOUNT: \$ _____ PERMIT TYPE: _____ (Fee is required for each location.)

Permit Types & Fees

Type 1 permit: \$54.00

- This includes events such as bonfires or camp fires
- The use of a torch or flame producing device to remove paint from, or seal membrane roofs on, any roof or structure.
- The occasional use of any non-residential occupancy other than F, H, or S for overnight group stays of persons over 2 ½ in age, in accordance with N.J.A.C 5:70-3, the state fire prevention code, section 403.15
- Individual portable kiosks or displays when erected in a covered mall for a period of less than 90 days, and when not covered by a Type 2 permit.
- The use of any open flame or flame-producing device in connection with any public gathering.
- Welding or cutting operations except where the work is performed in an approved area and is covered by a Type B life hazard use.
- The possession or use of explosives or blasting agents other than model rocketry engines.
- The use of any open flame-producing device in connection with training of non-fire service personnel.
- The occasional use in any building of a multipurpose room, with a maximum permitted occupancy of 100 or more for amusement, entertainment, or mercantile type purposes.
- The storage or handling of Class I flammable liquids in closed containers of aggregate amounts of more than 10 gallons but not more than 660 gallons inside a building, or more than 60 gallons but not more than 660 gallons outside a building.
- The storage or handling of Class II or III-A combustible liquids in closed containers of aggregate amounts of more than 25 gallons but not more than 660 gallons inside a building, or more than 60 gallons but not more than 660 gallons outside a building.
- Any permanent cooking operation that requires a suppression system in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:70-4.7(g) and is not defined as a life hazard use in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:70-2.4.
- The use as a place of public assembly, for a total of not more than 15 days in a calendar year, of a building classified as a commercial farm building under the Uniform Construction Code.
- The temporary use of any building or portion thereof as a special amusement building for a total of not more than 15 days in a calendar year.
 - Use of a building for a longer period shall require the issuance of a certificate of occupancy, pursuant to the Uniform Construction Code (N.J.A.C 5:23)
 - Permits issued pursuant to this section shall require compliance with the requirements for special amusement buildings at NJAC 5:70-4.16
- The erection, operation, or maintenance of any tent, tensioned membrane structure, or canopy, excluding those used for recreational camping purposes, that meets the criteria in (a)3xv(1) or (2) below shall require a Type 1 permit. Tents, tensioned membrane structures, or canopies greater than 16,800 square feet in area or greater than 140 feet in any dimension, whether one unit or composed of multiple units; remaining in place for more than 180 days; used or occupied between December 1 and March 31; having a permanent anchoring system or foundation; or containing platforms or bleachers greater than 11 feet in height shall be subject to the permitting requirements of the Uniform Construction Code (N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.14)
 - The tent, tensioned membrane structure, or canopy is greater than 900 square feet or more than 30 feet in any dimension whether it is one unit or composed of multiple units, but 16,800 square feet or less in area and 140 feet or less in any dimension, whether it is one unit or composed of multiple units.
 - The tent, tensioned membrane structure, or canopy contains platforms or bleachers 11 feet or less in height;
- The erection, operation, or maintenance of any outdoor combustible maze shall require a Type 1 permit if the outdoor combustible maze is less than six feet in height and does not contain electrical equipment.

Outdoor combustible mazes that are six feet or greater in height or contain electrical equipment shall be subject to the permitting requirements of N.J.A.C. 5:23-2.14.

- For the purposes of applying this requirement, an outdoor combustible maze is an attraction that lacks a roof and is designed to disorient patrons, reduce vision, present barriers, or otherwise impede the flow of traffic and does not consist solely of living rooted plants such as corn stalks or trees, but includes mazes created from plants that have been cut and attached to an object to support them.
 - Mazes consisting solely of living, rooted plants, such as corn stalks or trees, may be repaired using cut, replacement plants that are otherwise the same as those of which the maze is created without the need for a permit.
 - No permit shall be required for mazes up to 42 inches in height created of bales of hay or straw;
- The use of any Group A-4 use, place of worship, as a shelter with a maximum permitted occupant load of 14 persons, for 14 or fewer consecutive days, for not more than 49 days in a year in accordance with Section 408.15 of the State Fire Prevention Code
- Unoccupied or vacant building or structure 2,500 square feet or more, but less than 12,000 square feet, in gross floor area.

Type 2 permit: \$214

- Bowling lane resurfacing and bowling pin refinishing involving the use and application of flammable liquids or materials;
- Fumigation or thermal insecticide fogging;
- Carnivals and circuses employing mobile enclosed structures used for human occupancy;
- The use of a covered mall in any of the following manners:
 - Placing or constructing temporary kiosks, display booths, concession equipment or the like in more than 25 percent of the common area of the mall;
 - Temporarily using the mall as a place of assembly;
 - Using open flame or flame devices;
 - Displaying liquid or gas fuel powered equipment; or
 - Using liquefied petroleum gas, liquefied natural gas, or compressed flammable gas in containers exceeding five-pound capacity;
- Storage outside of buildings of LP-gas cylinders or other compressed gas containers when part of a cylinder exchange program;
- Unoccupied or vacant buildings or structures 12,000 square feet or more, but less than 100,000 square feet, in gross floor area;
- The use of any building, or portion thereof, previously registered as a Life Hazard Use for mercantile purposes on a temporary basis.
 - Exception: No permit shall be required for any mercantile use registered as a Life Hazard Use; or
 - The storage or retail sales of sparkling devices and novelties in any temporary or permanent structure, when the pyrotechnic content exceeds 125 pounds; as defined in Section 202, and shall comply with Section 5609, and NFPA 1124.

Type 3 permit: \$427

- Industrial processing ovens or furnaces operating at approximately atmospheric pressures and temperatures not exceeding 1,400 degrees Fahrenheit which are heated with oil or gas fuel or which contain flammable vapors from the product being processed;
- Wrecking yards, junk yards, outdoor used tire storage, waste material handling plants, and outside storage of forest products not otherwise classified;
- The storage, handling, or discharging of fireworks; or
- Unoccupied or vacant buildings or structures 100,000 square feet or more in gross floor area.

Type 4 permit: \$641

- Storage or use at normal temperature and pressure of more than 2,000 cubic feet of flammable compressed gas or 6,000 cubic feet of nonflammable compressed gas;
- The production or sale of cryogenic liquids; the storage or use of more than 10 gallons of liquid oxygen, flammable cryogenic liquids or cryogenic oxidizers; or the storage of more than 500 gallons of nonflammable, non-toxic cryogenic liquids;
- The storage, handling, and processing of flammable, combustible, and unstable liquids in closed containers and portable tanks in aggregate amounts of more than 660 gallons;
- To store or handle (except medicines, beverages, foodstuffs, cosmetics, and other common consumer items, when packaged according to commonly accepted practices):
 - More than 55 gallons of corrosive liquids;
 - More than 500 pounds of oxidizing materials;
 - More than 10 pounds of organic peroxides;
 - More than 500 pounds of nitromethane;
 - More than 1,000 pounds of ammonium nitrate;
 - More than one microcurie of radium not contained in a sealed source;
 - More than one millicurie of radium or other radiation material in a sealed source or sources;
 - Any amount of radioactive material for which a specific license from the Nuclear Regulatory Commission is required; or
 - More than 10 pounds of flammable solids.
- The melting, casting, heat treating, machining or grinding of more than 10 pounds of magnesium per working day.

Type 5 permit: Reserved



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MOBILE FOOD TRUCK OPERATORS

Subject: Requirements Ventilation Hoods and Suppression Systems in Mobile Enclosed Units (Food Trucks)

The State of New Jersey has updated the Uniform Fire Code, and in accordance with N.J.A.C 5:70-4.7(g) 3, effective July 1, 2018. All Mobile Food Trucks, where during their cooking operations produce grease laden vapors shall be equipped with a ventilating hood, duct, and automatic fire suppression system designed and installed in accordance with the applicable requirements of NFPA 96.

Definition:

Mobile enclosed unit A unit of closed construction designed to be driven or towed from place to place, which includes commercial cooking equipment producing grease-laden vapors and which allows for occupancy by the operator. Also known as "mobile canteen."

What this means to you as a Food Truck Operator is that as of the effective date ALL Fire Safety Permit approvals will be dependent on compliance with these regulations.

FOOD TRUCK REQUIREMENTS

- A current hood cleaning report must be submitted at least two weeks prior to the event. Hoods need to be clean and free of excess grease accumulation. In accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:70-3, 904.11.6.3, and N.F.P.A. 96. Excessive grease and residue buildup on kitchen exhaust systems, cleaning required.
- A Suppression System Inspection Report (Form NJFS 17A) showing that the system was serviced within the last 6 months must be submitted at least two weeks prior to the event. The system must also be tagged by the company that performed the inspection. In accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:70-3, 904.11.6.4.
- When deep fryers are present, a portable Class K fire extinguisher of a minimum 1.5gallon (6L) capacity will be mounted in the vehicle. In accordance with N.J.A.C 5:70-3, 904.11.5.2 (Depending on the size of your unit and operation more than one may be required.)
- All solid fuel cooking appliances, whether or not under a hood, with fireboxes 5 cubic feet (0.14 m³) or less in volume shall have a minimum 2.5gallon (9L) or two 1.5gallon (6L) Class "K" wet-chemical portable fire extinguishers located in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:70-3, 904.11.5.
- A 2A:10B:C Rated Fire Extinguisher with current inspection tag will also be mounted in the vehicle and readily accessible to the operator.
- All Fire Extinguishers shall comply with NFPA 10/2002 and shall have a valid dated inspection tag, good for one year.
- All gas fittings must be tight and free from leaks; a leak test will be performed prior to the beginning of your operations. Do not light burners prior to being told to do so by the Inspector. For the safety of the Inspector, if your equipment is hot you may have to shut it down and allow it to cool prior to inspection.
- Propane tanks shall be secured, to prevent falling over.
- Propane tanks and equipment shall comply with NFPA 58/2004.
- Propane tanks shall not be taken into buildings/tents.
- All appliances shall be listed and labeled and approved by the fire code official. (No homemade appliances).

- No vehicles shall be parked within 5 feet of tents or canopies.
- Suitable barricades shall be provided to maintain a distance of 5 feet between the heat producing appliance and the public.
- Propane tanks between 4 and 40 lbs. shall have an Overfill Protection Device for filling in NJ.
- Propane tanks shall be hydro tested every 12 years, and not dented or badly rusted.
- Regulator shall be in good condition and the relief valve shall face away from the public areas.
- All plastic type protective caps shall be removed from all propane tanks before operating.
- Hoses shall not be frayed or cracked, and there shall not be any type of tape on the hose.
- Hoses shall not be covered with grease and shall not be swollen.
- Hoses shall not create a tripping hazard.
- All control knobs must be present on all cooking appliances.

Failure to meet the above requirements will result in the denial of your permit.

I attest that the above duties are understood and understand that an inspection will be verifying compliance with this document and all referenced codes that may not be contained in this document. I am aware that in the event a violation of the fire code is discovered that changes may have to be implemented.

Agent Name/Vendor Name

Signature

Date



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OUTDOOR OPEN FLAME COOKING

Subject: NJ Uniform Fire Code: Cooking Vendor Requirements

FIRE SAFETY PERMIT: All vendors using propane, charcoal or other cooking device are required to obtain a Fire Safety Permit and are subject to an inspection by the Fire Official.

FIRE EXTINGUISHER: All cooking vendors shall supply their own fire extinguisher

- All fire extinguishers must comply with NFPA 10/2002 and have a valid dated inspection tag, good for one year.
- Class K portable fire extinguishers are required for cooking with vegetable or animal oils and fats
- Class K portable fire extinguishers are required for cooking with solid fuel.
- Class K portable fire extinguishers are required for deep fat fryers.

PROPANE TANK:

- Propane tanks shall be secured to prevent falling over.
- Propane tanks and equipment shall comply with NFPA 58/2004.
- Propane tanks shall not be taken into buildings/tents.
- Propane tanks between 4 and 40 lbs shall have an Overfill Protection Device for filling in NJ.
- Propane tanks shall be hydro tested every 12 years, and not be dented or badly rusted.
- Regulator shall be in good condition and the relief valve shall face away from the public areas.
- Hoses shall not be frayed or cracked, and there shall not be any type of tape on the hose.
- Hoses shall not be covered with grease and shall not be swollen.
- Hoses shall not create a tripping hazard.

TENTS:

- The use of membrane structures for cooking activities is restricted to free standing canopies with no sides attached during cooking activities.
- A diagram shall be submitted that includes a floor plan showing the location of the cooking appliances and any fuel sources or supplies.
- The cooking canopy is located no less than 5 feet from any other canopy, tent or structure.
- The canopy fabric is flame resistant and the applicant has provided the Fire Official with a certification attesting the flame resistance as required by Section 2001.8 of the UFC.
- All cooking equipment placed under the canopy is listed for commercial use. (example: a residential barbecue is not listed for commercial use.
- LP-gas containers are located at the outer edge of the canopy, a minimum of 5 feet from the heat producing appliance. The containers are protected to prevent tampering or damage by vehicles or other hazards. The containers are protected to prevent tampering or damage by vehicles or other hazards. The containers are securely fastened and free of leaks. Safety relief valves are pointed away from the canopy. (Note: Because LP Gas is heavier than air, the Fire Official should look at the ground in the area surrounding the container to ensure that the ground does not slope down from the container such that gas would collect in a high occupancy area in the event of a leak.)
- Occupancy underneath the canopy is restricted to those persons necessary for food preparation only. Food may be served from the outer edge of the canopy. Suitable barriers should be provided to maintain a distance of not less than 5 feet between areas accessed by the general public and cooking equipment.
- Portable fire extinguisher(s) are provided for each cooking location. The size and type should be determined in accordance with the fire protection requirements of the fire code and its referenced standard, NFPA 10.

- Storage of combustible items required for food preparation or serving is limited.

MISCELLANEOUS:

- All appliances shall be listed and labeled and be approved by the Fire Official.
- No vehicles shall be parked within 5 feet of tents or canopies.
- Suitable barricades shall be provided to maintain a distance of 5 feet between the heat producing device and the public.
- Only lighter fluid shall be used for charcoal grills. Gasoline is prohibited.
- Sterno warmers may be used provided the fuel containers are properly protected from being knocked over and if the fuel containers are properly enclosed within the warmer units.

Failure to meet the above requirements will result in the denial of your permit.

I attest that the above duties are understood and understand that an inspection will be verifying compliance with this document and all referenced codes that may not be contained in this document. I am aware that in the event a violation of the fire code is discovered that changes may have to be implemented.

Agent Name/Vendor Name

Signature

Date